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An Annotated Preliminary Checklist of the Dryinidae of Cuba (Insecta: Hymenoptera)

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Dryinids are small wasps that parasitize homopterans (Auchenorrhyncha). Most female dryinids are apterous and have chelate forelegs. The systematics of this group has been the source of great confusion, due mostly to the scarcity of material in collections, the lack of identification keys, the difficult association of the sexes, and the incorrect application of nomenclature (Olmi, 1984a). Thanks to the papers produced by Olmi (see references) our knowledge of world dryinids has improved considerably.

Knowledge of the systematics of Cuban dryinids is meager. Alayo (1974) listed all known taxa, summarizing for each the available information. In his list, the identity of all but one taxon [a species described by Richards (1969)] is given to generic level, and with uncertainty. In this paper we update the list of Cuban species, provide 14 new records and information on their geographic range.

We revised the entomological collections of Centro Oriental de Biodiversidad, Santiago de Cuba (BIOECO), Museo Nacional de Historia Natural de Cuba (MNHN), Instituto de Ecología y Sistemática de Cuba (IES), Museum of Comparative Zoology at Harvard (MCZ) and P. Alayo's collection, in Havana city (PA).

LIST OF CUBAN DRYINIDAE

Aphelopinae

Aphelopus diffusus Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37:79. ♀, ♂. Type: Natural History Museum, London.

Distribution.—Bahamas, Grenada, Antigua, Trinidad, Central and South America (Olmi, 1984a; 1993a), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Jardín Botánico de Santiago of Cuba (2. ii. 94), coll. J.L. Reyes, ♀ (BIOECO).

Aphelopus jamaicanus Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 81. ♂. Type: Biosystematics Research Institute, Ottawa, Canada.

Distribution.—Jamaica, Panama, Colombia (Olmi, 1984a; 1993a), Cuba (new record).

Material examined.—Jardín Botánico de Santiago of Cuba (iv. 93), coll. E. Portuondo, ♂ (BIOECO).

Aphelopus trinitatis Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol.

Inst. 37: 80. ♀, ♂. Type: Natural History Museum, London.

Distribution.—Cuba, Grand Cayman, Jamaica, Trinidad, México, Central and South America (Olmi, 1984a; 1993a).

Material Examined.—Soledad, Cienfuegos (i-ii. 27 coll. CT & BB Brues, ♂ (MCZ); Arroyo Blanco, Baracoa (vii. 94) coll. E. Portuondo, ♀ (BIOECO).

Anteoninae

Anteon micros Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 519. ♀. Type: American Museum of Natural History, New York.

Anteon sp. A Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—Venezuela (Olmi, 1984a), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Santiago de Las Vegas, Havana (iv. 67), coll. P. Alayo, ♀ (PA).

Anteon molle Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 492. ♀, ♂. Type: Biosystematics Research Institute, Ottawa, Canada.

Distribution.—Mexico, Colombia, Guatemala, Ecuador, Panama (Olmi, 1984a; 1993a), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Mariel, Havana province (vi. 68), ♀ coll. P. Alayo (PA); Sierra del Rosario, Pinar del Rio (ix. 68) 2♀ coll. P. Alayo (PA).

Dryininae

Thaumatodryinus bruchi De Santis & Vidal Sarmiento, 1974. Neotropica 20: 22. ♀ Type: Museo La Plata, Argentina.

Distribution.—Brazil, Argentina (De Santis and Vidal Sarmiento, 1974; Olmi, 1984a), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Rio La Mula, Sierra Maestra (18. vi. 95), coll. E. Portuondo, ♂ (BIOECO).

Dryinus cruciatus Olmi, 1993. Bol. Zool. Agrar. Bachic. 25: 72. ♀. Type: M. Olmi collection, Viterbo, Italy.

Dryinus sp. C Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—St. Croix, Virgin Islands (Olmi, 1993b), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Ciego Montero, Cienfuegos, (xii. 67) coll. P. Alayo, ♀ (PA).

Dryinus ruber (Olmi), 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 1031. ♀. Type: American Museum of Natural History.

Dryinus sp. A Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 17.

Distribution.—Bahamas (Olmi, 1984b), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Laguna de Los Negros, Guanahacabibes, Pinar del Rio (xi. 67) coll. P. Alayo ♀ (PA); Guanimar, S of the Havana (12. vi. 73) coll. L.F. Armas, ♀ (PA); Pinar del Rio (xi. 67) coll. P. Alayo ♀ (M. Olmi collection).

Gonatopodinae

Echthrodelpax krombeini Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 1160. ♀. Type: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, DC.

Dryinus sp. D Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—Florida, USA (Olmi 1984b), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Lombillo, Havana city (ix. 57) coll. J. Acuña ♀ (PA); Nueva Paz, Havana province (vii. 67), coll. P. Alayo ♂ (PA).

Host: *Sogata* sp. (Delphacidae) (Alayo, 1974).

Gonatopus acer Olmi, 1989. Frustula Entomol. NS 12: 346. ♀. Type: M. Olmi collection, Viterbo, Italy.

Gonatopus sp. A Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—Mexico and Ecuador (Olmi, 1989), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Versalles, Santiago de Cuba (ix. 69), coll. P. Alayo, ♀ (PA); Maibio, Palma Soriano (2.vii.92), coll. E. Portuondo, ♀ (BIOECO); Uvero, Sierra Maestra (25.v.72), coll. L. F. de Armas, ♀ (PA).

Gonatopus antilleanus Olmi, 1987. Boll. Soc. Entomol. Ital., Genova. 119: 114. ♀. Type: Faculty of Agriculture, Wageningen, Nederland.

Distribution.—Curaçao, Dutch Antilles (Olmi, 1987), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Guanimar, S of Havana province (12.vi.73), coll. L. F. de Armas ♀ (PA).

Gonatopus arizonicus (Perkins)

Pseudogonatopus arizonicus Perkins, 1907. Hawaii Sugar Plant. Assoc. Exp. Stn., Entomol., 2:36. ♀, ♂. Type: Bishop Museum, Honolulu.

Distribution.—United States of America (Olmi, 1984b), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Maibio, Palma Soriano (22.xii.92), coll. E. Portuondo, ♀ (BIOECO).

Gonatopus bartletti Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 1751. ♀, ♂. Type: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, DC.

Gonatopus n. sp. Bartlett 1939: 497.

Gonatopus sp. B Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—Puerto Rico (Bartlett, 1939; Olmi, 1984b), Mexico (Vega and Barbosa, 1900), Cuba and Bahamas (1 specimen at MCZ) (new record).

Material Examined.—Ciénaga de Lanier, Isla de La Juventud (viii. 69), coll. P. Alayo, ♀ (PA).

Gonatopus campbelli Olmi, 1984. Mem. Amer. Entomol. Inst. 37: 1755. ♀. Type: Byosistematics Research Institute, Ottawa, Canada.

Distribution.—Mexico, Costa Rica, Brazil, Peru (Olmi 1984b; 1993a), Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—La Melba, Baracoa (27.iv.87), coll. G. Garcés, ♀ (BIOECO).

Gonatopus citrinus (Olmi)

Apterodryinus citrinus Olmi. 1984. Mem. Amer. En-

tomol. Inst. 37: 1359. ♀. Type: M. Olmi collection, Viterbo, Italy.

Gonatopus sp. C Alayo, 1974. Ser. Biol. 52: 18.

Distribution.—Cuba, Costa Rica (Olmi, 1993a, as *Apterodryinus citrinus*).

Material Examined.—Aspiro, Rangel, Pinar del Rio (vi. 59) coll. P. Alayo and F. de Zayas, ♀ (PA); pico Turquino, Sierra Maestra (iii.72), coll. R. Alayo, ♀ (PA).

Gonatopus cubensis (Richards)

Cyrtogonatopus cubensis Richards 1969. Proc. Royal Entomol. Soc. London 38: 81. ♀ ♂ Type: Instituto de Ecología y Sistemática, Cuba.

Distribution.—Cuba, Guadeloupe, Mexico (Olmi, 1984b, as *Acrodontochelys cubensis*), Antigua, WI (1 ♂ at MCZ).

Material Examined.—Laguito, Playa, Havana city (iii. 67) coll. P. Alayo 2 ♂ (PA, IES) and 8 ♀ (3 paratypes) (PA, IES, BIOECO); Laguito, Havana city (iv.67), coll. P. Alayo ♀ holotype; Cojimar's hills, Havana city (v.75), coll. I. Herbello ♀ (PA); Santiago de Las Vegas, Havana (iv.67), coll. P. Alayo ♀ (PA); Los Hondones, Ciénaga de Zapata, Matanzas (xii.95), coll. O. Navarro, ♀ (MNHNCU); Atabey, Havana city (21.iii.73), coll. L. R. Hernández ♀ (PA).

Gonatopus zolnerowichii (Olmi)

Tetradontochelys zolnerowichii Olmi, 1989. Frustula Entomol., NS 12: 333. ♀ Type currently at National Museum of Natural History, Washington, DC.

Distribution.—United States of America (Olmi, 1989). Cuba (new record).

Material Examined.—Laguito, Playa, Havana city (27. xi. 70) coll. L.F. de Armas, ♀, on Jiribilla (*Andropogon caricosus* L.); same locality (xii. 70) coll. L.F. de Armas, 7 ♀ (PA and M. Olmi collections).

We did not find the specimens of *Agonatopoides* sp. and *Dryinus* sp. B. (Alayo, 1974) in Cuban collections. Bruner et al. (1975) mention an undetermined dryinid parasitizing an adult of *Empoasca fabae* (Harris) (Cicadellidae). Alayo (1974) does not cite this record. We were also unable to find this wasp. According to the habits of these parasitoids, the lost dryinid should belong to *Aphelopus*.

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Geographic Distribution of *Nephila clavipes* (Araneae: Tetragnathidae) in Puerto Rico

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The golden web spider, *Nephila clavipes* Koch, is a common Neotropical species distributed from the southeast United States to Argentina and Peru (Levi, 1980). The most recent record of this species for Puerto Rico appears in Petrunkevitch (1930), who records it at the former "Colegio de Agricultura y Artes Mecánicas" in Mayagüez. Other records include the town of Aguadilla, as recorded by Banks, and Mona Island, as recorded by Lutz (Petrunkevitch, 1930).

While reviewing the spider collection at the Biology

Museum, Rio Piedras campus, I found specimens from previously unrecorded localities. These records are given below.

I also made three one-day collecting trips to coastal areas several municipalities for which there were no museum records: Cabo Rojo, Ceiba, Guayama, Guayanilla, Hormigueros, Juana Díaz, Lajas, Maunabo, Naguabo, Ponce, Salinas, Santa Isabel, and Yabucoa.

Nephila clavipes was found on one or more locations in the following municipalities (new records in the Museum's collection are indicated by an asterisk): Aguadilla, Aguas Buenas, Arecibo, Florida, Barceloneta, Barranquitas, Bayamón, Cabo Rojo*, Caguas, Camuy, Carolina, Cayey, Ciales, Coamo*, Comerío, Dorado, Guánica, Guayama*, Hatillo, Humacao, Isabela*, Lares, Loíza, Luquillo, Manatí, Maricao, Maunabo*, Mayagüez, Mona Island, Naranjito, Peñuelas, Quebradillas, Rio Grande, Sabana Grande, San Juan, Toa Baja, Trujillo Alto, Utuado, Vega Baja*, Vieques, and Yauco.

Plotted distribution records (Fig. 1), show that *N. clavipes* is widely distributed in Puerto Rico, with a possible gap along the south of the Island. This distribution is consistent with that found by Pérez (unpublished). Visited areas along the south coast were generally very dry looking and the vegetation was mostly shrubs and grasslands. The spiders commonly found in those areas were *Argiope argentata* (Fabricius) (Araneidae) and *Leucauge argyra* (Walckenaer) (Tetragnathidae), either on open or closed areas between shrubs and grasses.

Nephila clavipes was not found in grasslands, or at considerable distances from trees. This spider was found only in open, relatively humid areas. The webs of adult females cover a considerable area and the hub can be seen at over 2 meters from the ground. These observations are consistent with those reported by Moore (1977) and Vasconcellos-Neto and Lewinsohn (1984).

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